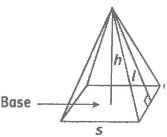
KEY Activity 35 Volume of Pyramids and Cones

Volume of Pyramids

Volume =
$$\frac{1}{3}Bh$$

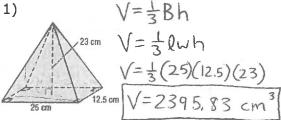
NOTE: Do not plug in the slant height of the pyramid, as represented by the variable /, into the volume formula of a pyramid! Use the perpendicular height, represented by h.

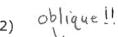
Oftentimes, you will need to use the Pythagorean Theorem, a special right triangle or a trigonometric ratio to find the height.

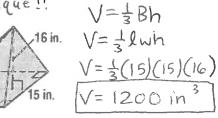


Examples: Find the volume of each right pyramid. In question 4, the pyramid has a square

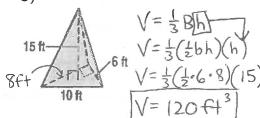




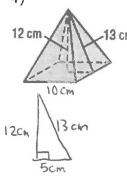












$$V = \frac{1}{3}Bh$$

 $V = \frac{1}{3}(10)(10)(12)$

5) Find the volume of a right pyramid whose slant height is 18 mm and whose base is a square with area 121 mm².



$$V = \frac{1}{3}(121)(17.1391)$$



$$h^2 = 293.75$$

$$V = \frac{1}{3}(121)(17.139)$$

$$h^{2} = 18^{2} - 5.5^{2}$$

$$V \approx 691.279 \text{ mm}^{3}$$

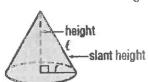
Volume of Cones

Volume =
$$\frac{1}{3}Bh$$
 or $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2h$

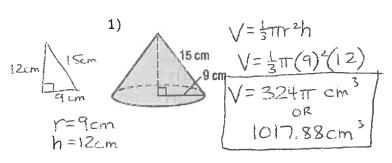
B = area of the circular base h = height of the cone

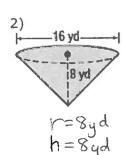
NOTE: As in pyramids, do not plug in / as the height of the cone when finding its volume.

Again, you will often need to use the Pythagorean Theorem, a special right triangle or a trigonometric ratio to find its height.



Examples: Find the volume of each right cone.

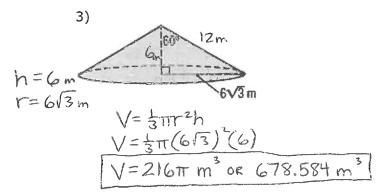


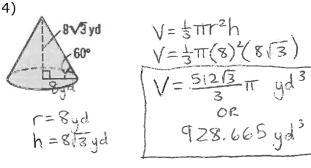


$$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^{2}h$$

$$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi (8)^{2}(8)$$

$$V = \frac{5i2\pi}{3} \text{ yd}^{3}$$
or
$$536.165 \text{ yd}^{3}$$





5) Calculate the volume of the cylindrical rocket and "nose cone" if the slant height of the nose cone is 8 feet.

Vol. of cylinder

V=
$$\pi r^2 h$$

V= $\pi(3)^2(20) = 180\pi + 643$

Vol. of cone

V= $\frac{1}{3}\pi(3)^2(\sqrt{55}) = 3\sqrt{55}\pi + 643$

Total volume = 635, 383 ft³

